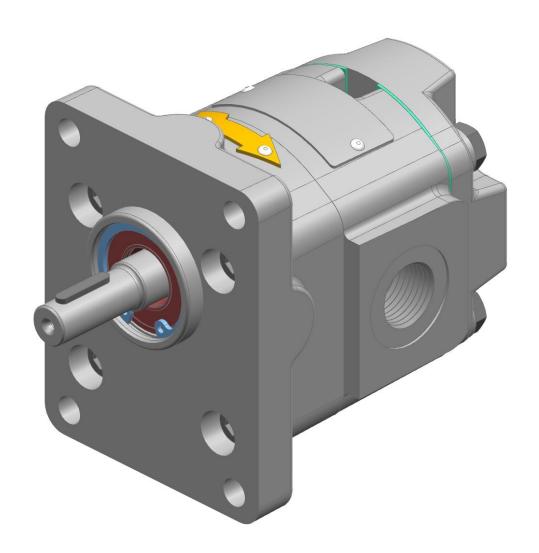
KRACHT

D.0024710002Operating instructions (Translation)



Gear pump KF 0/. English

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1 | General Kracht GmbH

1 General

1.1 About the documentation

These operating instructions describe the installation, operation and maintenance of the following device:

Gear pump KF 0/.

These operating instructions are a component of the device and must be kept accessible for the personnel near the device at all times.

The device is manufactured in different versions. Information about the version concerned in the individual case can be found on the device's type plate.

If you have any questions about these operating instructions, please contact the manufacturer.

1.2 Manufacturer address

KRACHT GmbH

Gewerbestraße 20

DE 58791 Werdohl

Tel: +49 2392 935-0

Fax: +49 2392 935-209 E-Mail: info@kracht.eu Web: www.kracht.eu

1.3 Applicable documents

In addition to these instructions, also observe the corresponding instructions for the existing or planned systems or system parts.

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1.4 Symbols



A DANGER

Identification of an immediate hazard, which would result in death or severe bodily injury if not avoided.



MARNING

Identification of a potential medium risk hazard, which would lead to death or severe bodily injury if not avoided.



A CAUTION

Identification of a low risk hazard, which could lead to minor or medium bodily injury if not avoided.

ATTENTION

Flagging of notices to prevent property damage.



NOTICE

Identification of basic safety instructions.

Non-compliance can lead to hazards for people and the device.



TIPP

Flagging of special user tips and other especially useful or important information.

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2 | Safety Kracht GmbH

2 Safety

2.1 Intended use

- 1. The device has been designed for operation with fluid. Dry operation is not permitted.
- 2. The product may only be operated when completely filled.
- 3. The fluid must be compatible with the materials used in the product. Chemical expertise is required for that. Be careful with ethylene oxide or other catalytically or exothermically reacting or self-decomposing substances. Please consult the manufacturer in cases of doubt.
- 4. The product may only be used in normal industrial atmospheres. If there are any aggressive substances in the air, always consult the manufacturer.
- The product may only be operated in compliance with these operating instructions and the applicable documents.
 Deviating operating conditions require the express approval of the manufacturer.
- 6. Use of the product for purposes other than those for which it is intended invalidates any

2.2 Foreseeable misuse

warranty.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage resulting from non-intended or improper use.

2.3 Personnel qualification and training

The personnel designated to assemble, operate and service the device must be properly qualified.

This can be through training or specific instruction.

Personnel must be familiar with the contents of this operating instructions.



NOTICE

Read the operating instructions thoroughly before use.

Kracht GmbH Safety | 2

2.4 Basic safety instructions



NOTICE

Basic safety instructions

Non-compliance can lead to hazards for people and the unit.

- a) Follow existing regulations for accident prevention and safety at work as well as the internal regulations of the operating company.
- b) Ensure the greatest possible cleanliness.
- c) Wear suitable personal protective equipment.
- d) Do not remove type plates or other information or make them illegible or unrecognisable.
- e) Do not make any technical modifications.
- f) Comply with maintenance intervals.
- g) Only use spare parts approved by the manufacturer.

2.5 Fundamental hazards



A DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids.

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



▲ DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids.

- a) Defective components and connection lines must be replaced or fixed without delay.
- b) Use only components and connection lines approved for the expected pressure range.



▲ DANGER

Rotating parts!

Danger of death due to body parts, hair or clothing getting trapped or entangled.

- a) Before all work, ensure that existing drives are voltage-free and pressure-free.
- b) Securely prevent restarting during all work.

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2 | Safety Kracht GmbH



A DANGER

Rotating parts

Danger of death due to body parts, hair or clothing getting trapped or entangled.

a) Take measures against accidental touching of rotating parts.



MARNING

Rotating parts!

Danger of injury from flying parts.

a) Enclose rotating parts so as to avoid any danger from flying parts in the event of breakage or malfunction.



⚠ WARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Depressurize the system before all work.
- b) Securely prevent the pressure from being restored during work.



MARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to fluid spurting out.

- a) Use only connections and lines approved for the expected pressure range.
- b) Securely prevent the permissible pressures from being exceeded, e.g. by using pressure relief valves or bursting discs.
- c) Pipelines must be designed in such a way that no tension e.g. caused by changes in length due to fluctuations in temperature can be transferred to the product.



MARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to fluid spurting out.

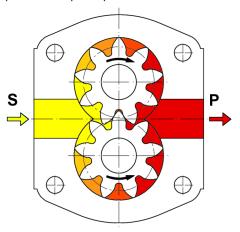
- a) Do not operate the product with shut-off devices closed.
- b) Securely prevent the restoration of pressure while working on the device.

Kracht GmbH Device description | 3

3 Device description

3.1 Functional principle

Pumps of this series are external gear pump types that work according to the positive displacement principle.



- S Suction connection
- P Pressure connection

When rotated, two gearwheels meshing together produce a volume enlargement as a result of the opening of the tooth spaces on the suction side (S), so that medium can flow in and so that a corresponding volume is displaced simultaneously by immersion of the teeth into the filled tooth spaces on the pressure side (P). Fluid transport takes place through entrainment in the tooth gaps along the wall of the wheel chamber. The so-called geometric flow rate V_g is being displaced per wheel rotation. A value that is stated in technical documents as rated volume V_{gn} to specify the pump size.

The displacement cycle describe initially takes place without exhibiting appreciable pressure build-up. Only after setting external loads, for example, through delivery heights, flow resistances, line elements, etc. will the required working pressure arise to overcome these resistances.

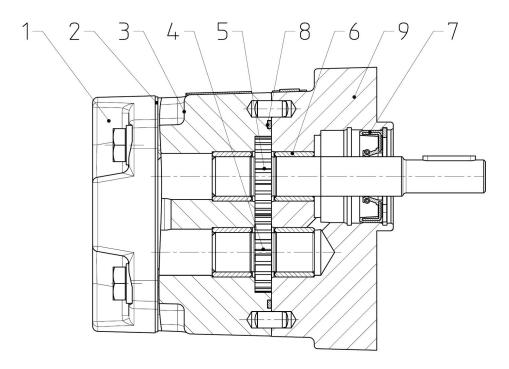
The pressure occurring at the shaft seal therefore corresponds to the pressure at the suction connection of the device. The permissible pressure is determined by the type of sealing.

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3 | Device description Kracht GmbH

3.2 Possible versions

Gear pump



- 1 End cover
- 2 Gasket
- 3 Housing
- 4 Driven shaft
- 5 Driving shaft

- 6 Plain bearing bush
- 7 Shaft seal (Seal type)
- 8 O-ring
- 9 Flange cover

Kracht GmbH Device description | 3

3.3 Type key

(Ordering example																	
	KF		0/	1		S	1	0	K		Р	0	Α	0	D	L	1	/100
	1.		2.	3.		4.	5.	6.	7.		8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.

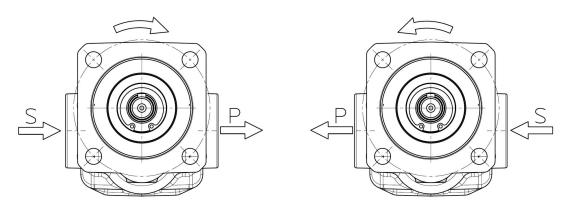
Explanation of type k	сеу								
1. Product name									
2. Size									
0									
3. Nominal size									
V _{gn} 0.5; 0.8; 1; 1.6; 2; 2.5; 3; 4									
1. Flange mounting cover									
S	S Rectangular 4-hole flange LA = $52.4 / 72$; Ø Z = 33								
5. Direction of rotation	on								
1	Clockwise	2	Counterclockwise						
6. Outboard flange									
0	Without Mounting angle	F	Mounting angle						
7. Construction of ho	using								
K	Housing with threaded	connection							
8. Driving shaft									
P	Cylindrical shaft end								
r	Without Outbord beari	ng							
9. 2nd shaft end									
0	Without 2nd shaft end								
10. End cover									
Α	only for direction of ro	tation 1 or 2							
11. Design serial num	nber (specified by manu	facturer)							
12. Housing material	and plain bearing								
D	EN-GJL-250 (GG-25)								
<i>D</i>	Multi layer friction bear	rings contains lea	d						
13. Gears version									
L	Geom. tooth volume								
14. Seal type									
1	Rotary shaft seal NBR	32	Rotary shaft seal PTFE						
2	Rotary shaft seal FKM								
15. Special number									
Special number [▶ 14]								

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3 | Device description Kracht GmbH

3.4 Rotation and delivery direction

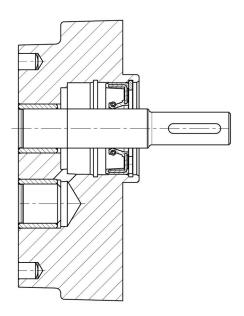
The direction of rotation is indicated by the bent arrow, Looking at the end of drive shaft. The flow direction is indicated by the straight arrows.



S = Suction connection

P = Pressure connection

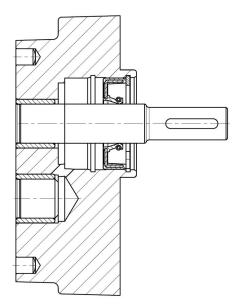
3.5 Type of seals



Rotary shaft seal

Special number 100; 170; 315

Seal type: 1; 2; 32

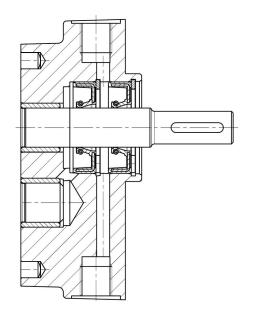


Rotary shaft seal (for vacuum operation)

Special number 219

Seal type: 1; 2

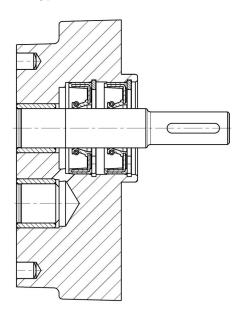
Kracht GmbH Device description | 3



Double rotary shaft seal

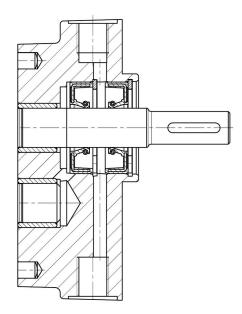
Connection borehole G1/8 (for fluid buffer) Special number 44; 107; 127; 133; 169; 195; 202; 208; 212; 245; 257; 302; 323; 403; 423

Seal type: 2; 32



Double rotary shaft seal Special number 208

Seal type: 32



Double rotary shaft seal (für vacuum operation)

Connection borehole G1/8 (for fluid buffer)

Special number 74; 311

Seal type: 2; 32

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3 | Device description Kracht GmbH

3.6 Special number

Special number	Description						
	Double rotary shaft seal						
44	Connection for fluid buffer open at the top and closed at the bottom						
	+ Special number 100						
	Double rotary shaft seal for vacuum operation						
74	Connection for fluid buffer open at the top and closed at the bottom						
	+ Special number 100						
100	Wear protection coating on gear and plain bearing bush (Chem. nickel-plated with SiC deposits)						
	Double rotary shaft seal						
107	fluid buffer connection top and bottom open						
	+ Special number 100						
	See Special number 44						
127	Housing connection						
	KF 0/0.5 - KF 0/1.0 : Flange connection G 1/2						
	Double rotary shaft seal						
133	Connection borehole for fluid buffer in the direction of the suction side and pressure side, suction side closed.						
	+ Special number 100						
	Double rotary shaft seal						
169	Fluid buffer connection top open and bottom closed						
	Gears tool steel nitrided						
	Rotary shaft seal BABSL						
170	Flange cover nitrocarburized						
	+ Special number 100						
195	See Special number 169						
155	Gears with reduced lateral clearance and head clearance						
202	See Special number 107						
	Gears with reduced lateral clearance						
	Double rotary shaft seal						
208	Grease filling between the rotary shaft seal						
	Flange cover nitrocarburized						
	+ Special number 100						
212	See Special number 169						
	Housing and flange cover EN-GJS-600 (GGG-60), tenifer nitrided						

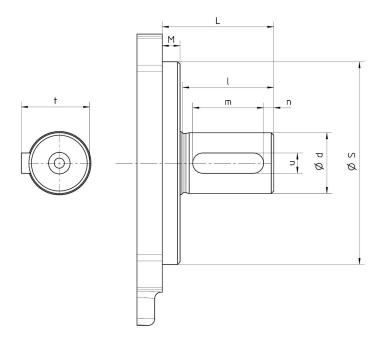
Kracht GmbH Device description | 3

Special number	Description					
219	Rotary shaft seal for vacuum operation					
219	+ Special number 100					
	Double rotary shaft seal					
	Construction type BAUMX7 with grease filling					
245	Fluid buffer connection top and bottom closed					
	Housing connection					
	KF 0/0.5 - KF 0/1.0 : Flange connection G 1/2					
	See Special number 107					
257	Flange cover and housing nitrocarburized					
	Gears with reduced head clearance					
302	See Special number 107					
302	Gears with reduced lateral clearance					
	Double rotary shaft seal for vacuum operation					
311	Fluid buffer connection top and bottom open					
	+ Special number 100					
	Rotary shaft seal					
215	Housing and flange cover milled					
315	Housing and flange cover milled + Special number 100					
315						
315	+ Special number 100					
315 323	+ Special number 100 Gears with reduced lateral clearance					
	+ Special number 100 Gears with reduced lateral clearance Special number 44					
323	+ Special number 100 Gears with reduced lateral clearance Special number 44 Flange cover and housing nitrocarburized					
	+ Special number 100 Gears with reduced lateral clearance Special number 44 Flange cover and housing nitrocarburized Gears with reduced lateral clearance					
323	+ Special number 100 Gears with reduced lateral clearance Special number 44 Flange cover and housing nitrocarburized Gears with reduced lateral clearance See Special number 107					
323	+ Special number 100 Gears with reduced lateral clearance Special number 44 Flange cover and housing nitrocarburized Gears with reduced lateral clearance See Special number 107 Nano Coating Technology (NCT) - coating					
323	+ Special number 100 Gears with reduced lateral clearance Special number 44 Flange cover and housing nitrocarburized Gears with reduced lateral clearance See Special number 107 Nano Coating Technology (NCT) - coating Double rotary shaft seal					
323 403	+ Special number 100 Gears with reduced lateral clearance Special number 44 Flange cover and housing nitrocarburized Gears with reduced lateral clearance See Special number 107 Nano Coating Technology (NCT) - coating Double rotary shaft seal Fluid buffer connection top and bottom closed					

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3 | Device description Kracht GmbH

3.7 Free shaft end



Nominal size	L	S _{h6}	M	d _{j6}	I	m	n	t	u
KF 0/0.5 – 4.0	33	33	5	12	25	16	3	11.2	3

3.8 Quench

Versions with quench are used when absolute leak tightness is required on the shaft seal, e.g. when pumping media

- which cures upon contact with air.
- which crystallises upon contact with air humidity.
- the leakage of which must not be released into the environment.
- are under vacuum and their seal shall be gastight.

Select the mounting position so that the connection for the quench faces up.

Kracht GmbH Technical data | 4

4 Technical data

4.1 General

General information						
Hausing sourcetion (1)		KF 0/0.5 - KF 0/1.0	Whitworth pipe thread G3/8			
Housing connection (1)		KF 0/1.6 - K 0/4.0	Whitworth pipe thread G1/2			
Mounting position		KF 0/. Without fluid buffer	Any			
Mounting position		KF 0/. with fluid buffer	Shaft end horizontal , fluid buffer connection top			
External loads on shaft end		Axial and radial forces a	are not allowed.			
Speed	n	Viscosity - Rotation sp	peed assignment [> 18]			
O	p _e	Operating pressure of suction side and pressure side [▶ 19]				
Operating pressure	p _b					
v _{mir}		Differential pressure - viscosity assignment [> 19]				
Viscosity	\mathbf{v}_{max}	Consult the manufacturer				
Fluid temperature	9 _m	Permissible temperature range [▶ 20]				
Ambient temperature	ئ	Permissible temperature range [▶ 20]				
Material		Material data [▶ 21]				
		Fluids with abrasive components				
		Lubricating fluids without abrasive components				
Permissible media		Example :				
remissible media		PUR components, plasticizers, resins, adhesives, varnishes, paints, mineral oils, synthetic oils				
		(Petrols, solvents, etc. are not permissible)				
⁽¹⁾ Pipe thread : ISO 228-1						

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4 | Technical data Kracht GmbH

4.2 Nominal sizes

Nominal size	Geom. displace-	Spe	ed n	Mass inertia x 10 ⁻⁶		
$V_{\rm gn}$	ment	n _{min}	n _{max}	J [kg m²]		
	V _g [cm³/rev.]	[rpm]	[rpm]			
KF 0/0.5	0.5	Viscosity - Rotation speed as- signment [> 18]		3.51		
KF 0/0.8	0.8				4.76	
KF 0/1.0	1.0			5.58		
KF 0/1.6	1.6				2000	4.37
KF 0/2.0	2.0		3000	5.11		
KF 0/2.5	2.5			6.02		
KF 0/3.0	3.0			6.93		
KF 0/4.0	4.0			8.76		

4.3 Viscosity - Rotation speed assignment

Kinematic viscosity ν [mm²/s]	Recommended rpm n [rpm]
≤ 100	3600
200	2900
300	2300
500	1800
1000	1500
2000	950
3000	750
5000	650
10000	500
15000	400
20000	≤ 350



TIPP

Select the speed of rotation so that complete filling of the pump is ensured. This is given if the pressure on the suction side does not fall below the permissible pressure $p_{e \, min.}$

Kracht GmbH Technical data | 4

4.4 Permissible pressure range

4.4.1 Operating pressure of suction side and pressure side

Seal type		Operating pressure							
	suction side								
	p _{e min} [bar abs.] ⁽¹⁾	p _{e max} [bar rel.]	(perm. continous pressure)						
1			Differential pres-						
2	0.6 (1)	2	sure - viscosity as-						
32			signment [▶ 19]						
(1) Start-up condition: 0.4 bar absolute (max. 30 minutes)									

4.5 Differential pressure - viscosity assignment

terial								
		e terial pressure side						
		Δp_{ma}	_x {bar]					
	(Permissible	operating press	sure depends on	the viscosity)				
	$v = 10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	$v = 30 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	$v = 100 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	$v = 500 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$				
	10	30	50	60				
	15	40	60	70				
	13	40	00	70				
1.6 EN-GJL-250	20		90	100				
(GG-25)	20	60	100	100				
	20	60						
	30			120				
	40	80	120					
		v = 10 mm ² /s 10 15 EN-GJL-250 (GG-25) 20 30	(Permissible operating press v = 10 mm²/s 10 30 15 40 EN-GJL-250 (GG-25) 20 60	15 40 60 EN-GJL-250 (GG-25) 20 80 30 100				

The values apply for a speed range of 1000 rpm - 3000 rpm.

Reduce the maximum working pressures at speeds < 1000 1/rpm.

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4 | Technical data Kracht GmbH

4.6 Permissible temperature range

Sealing material	Fluid temperature ϑ _m			
	ϑ _{m min} [°C]	ϑ _{m max} [°C]		
CR		100		
EPDM		120		
FEP with FKM-core	-20	200		
FFKM / FEP with FKM-core		200		
FKM		150		
HNBR		150		
NBR		90		
PTFE / FEP with FKM-core		200		
FKM (Low temperature)	-30	150		

Sealing material	Ambient temperature ئ				
	ϑ _{u min} [°C]	ဗီ _{u max} [°C]			
CR					
EPDM					
FEP with FKM-core					
FFKM / FEP with FKM-core					
FKM	- 20	60			
HNBR					
NBR					
PTFE / FEP with FKM-core					
FKM (Low temperature)	-30				



NOTICE

Comply with media-specific properties

Kracht GmbH Technical data | 4

4.7 Material data

Seal type	Material				
	Shaft seal	Other seals	Housing/ End cover	Gears	Bearing
1	NBR	NBR , C4400		Case-	
2	FKM	FKM , C4400		hardened steel	ETG 100
32	PTFE	FEP with FKM-core , C4400	EN-GJL-250 (GG-25)	(Steel 1.7139) chem. nickel with SiC de- posits	chem. nickel with SiC de- posits

4.8 Weight

Nominal	Gear pump
size	[kg]
V _{gn}	with end cover
KF 0/0.5	
KF 0/0.8	
KF 0/1.0	
KF 0/1.6	2.2
KF 0/2.0	2.2
KF 0/2.5	
KF 0/3.0	
KF 0/4.0	

4.9 Dimensions

Dimensions of the device can be found in the relevant technical data sheets.

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5 | Transport and storage Kracht GmbH

5 Transport and storage

5.1 General

- a) After receipt, check the device for transport damages.
- b) If transport damage is noticed, report this immediately to the manufacturer and the carrier. The device must then be replaced or repaired.
- c) Dispose of packing material and used parts in accordance with the local stipulations.

5.2 Transport



⚠ WARNING

Falling or overturning loads!

Danger of injury while transporting large and heavy loads.

- a) Use only suitable means of conveyance and lifting tackle with sufficient load-bearing capacity.
- b) Attach lifting tackle only to suitable load points.
- c) Attach the lifting tackle in such a manner that it cannot slip.
- d) Pay attention to the load balance point.
- e) Always avoid jerks, impacts and strong vibrations during transportation.
- f) Never walk under suspended loads, never work under suspended loads.



NOTICE

To transport the device, eyebolts can be screwed into the flange connections..

5.3 Storage

The device's function is tested in the plant with mineral hydraulic oil. Then all connections are closed. The remaining residual oil preserves the interior parts for up to 6 months.

Metallic exposed exterior parts are protected against corrosion by suitable conservation measures, also up to 6 months.

In case of storage, a dry, dust-free and low-vibration environment is to be ensured. The device is to be protected against influences from weather, moisture and strong fluctuations of temperature. The recommended storage conditions are to be adhered to.

Below the permissible ambient temperature ϑ_U elastomer seals lose their elasticity and mechanical loading capacity, since the glass transition temperature is fallen below. This procedure is reversible. A force action on the device is to be avoided in case of storage below the permissible ambient temperature ϑ_U .

Devices with EPDM seals are not mineral-oil resistant and are not tested for their function. There is no preservation of the interior parts. If the device is not taken into operation immediately, all corrosion-prone surfaces are to be protected by suitable conservation measures. The same applies for devices which are not tested for other reasons

When storing for a long period of time (> 6 months), treat all surfaces at risk of corrosion again with suitable preserving agents.

If high air humidity or aggressive atmospheres are expected, take additional corrosion-preventing measures.



NOTICE

Storage in corrosion protection bags (VCI) maximum of 6 months.

ATTENTION

Corrosion/chemical impact

Improper storage can render the device useless.

- a) Protect endangered surfaces by means of suitable conservation measures.
- b) Comply with recommended storage conditions.

5.4 Storage conditions



TIPP

Recommended storage conditions

- a) Storage temperature: 5 °C 25 °C
- b) Relative air humidity: < 70 %
- c) Protect elastomer parts from light, especially direct sunlight.
- d) Protect elastomer parts from oxygen and ozone.
- e) Comply with maximum storage times of elastomeric parts:
 - ⇒ 5 Jahre: AU (Polyurethan-Kautschuk)
 - ⇒ 7 Jahre: NBR, HNBR, CR
 - ⇒ 10 Years: EPM, EPDM, FEP/PFTE, FEPM, FKM, FFKM, VMQ, FVMQ

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6 Installation

6.1 Safety instructions for installation



⚠ DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids.

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



A DANGER

Rotating parts!

Danger of death due to body parts, hair or clothing getting trapped or entangled.

- a) Before all work, ensure that existing drives are voltage-free and pressure-free.
- b) Securely prevent restarting during all work.



A DANGER

Rotating parts

Danger of death due to body parts, hair or clothing getting trapped or entangled.

a) Take measures against accidental touching of rotating parts.



MARNING

Rotating parts!

Danger of injury from flying parts.

a) Enclose rotating parts so as to avoid any danger from flying parts in the event of breakage or malfunction.



MARNING

Unshielded gearwheels

Gearwheels can trap and crush fingers and hands.

a) Do not engage gearwheels.

Kracht GmbH Installation | 6



MARNING

Failure of load-carrying parts due to overload!

Danger of injury from flying parts.

Danger of injury from spurting fluids.

- a) Depressurise the device and all connection lines before doing any work.
- b) Securely prevent the restoration of pressure while working on the device.



MARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to fluid spurting out.

- a) Use only connections and lines approved for the expected pressure range.
- b) Securely prevent the permissible pressures from being exceeded, e.g. by using pressure relief valves or bursting discs.
- c) Pipelines must be designed in such a way that no tension e.g. caused by changes in length due to fluctuations in temperature can be transferred to the product.

6.2 Noise reduction



TIPP

Measures for noise reduction

- a) Use suction and pressure hoses.
- b) Use bell housings with high damping properties (plastic or cast iron).
- c) Use of damping rings and damping rods for separation of structureborne noise.

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6.3 Mechanical installation

6.3.1 Preparation

- a) Check the device for transport damage and dirt.
- b) Check the device for freedom of movement.
- c) Remove existing preservatives.
 - ⇒ Use only those cleaning agents that are compatible with the materials used in the device.
 - ⇒ Do not use cleaning wool.
- d) Compare the environmental and ambient conditions at the place of installation to the permissible conditions.
 - ⇒ Ensure a sufficiently stable and level foundation.
 - ⇒ Expose the device only to small vibrations, see IEC 60034-14.
 - ⇒ Secure sufficient access for maintenance and repair.
- e) Position the product and secure them against slipping.
 - ⇒ Comply with the manufacturer's information.
 - ⇒ Do not use any sealing materials such as hemp, Teflon tape or putty.

6.3.2 Gear Pump with free shaft end

The prerequisite for trouble-free operation is suitable load transmission between the pump and the drive.

By default a torsionally flexible claw coupling is used for this.

- a) Pre-mount coupling parts as per manufacturer's specifications.
- b) Position the pumps and the drive with respect to each other.
 - ⇒ Comply with the permissible mounting position.
 - ⇒ Comply with the permissible direction of rotation.
- c) Tighten all fastening screws with the specified torque.



⚠ DANGER

Rotating parts

Danger of death due to body parts, hair or clothing getting trapped or entangled.

a) Take measures against accidental touching of rotating parts.

Kracht GmbH Installation | 6



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burn injury to skin if touched.

a) Wear protective gloves at temperatures ≥ 48°C.

Tightening torques [Nm]							
Thread size	M6	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Counter-thread Alu- minium	4.6	11	22	39	95	184	315
Counter-thread Cast iron / Steel	10	25	49	85	210	425	730
(1) Savous (Alute with min strongth class 9.9/9							

¹⁾ Screws/Nuts with min. strength class 8.8/8



TIPP

- a) Keep to the permissible displacement values of the coupling.
- b) Rule out any distortion of the device.
- c) Pay attention to sufficient screw-in depth of the fastening screws.



NOTICE

- a) For devices without shaft seals, ensure that the leak oil from the shaft sealing chamber is specifically drained off and cannot get into the environment.
- b) Make sure no foreign bodies can get into the device.
- c) On devices with quench, mount a tank for the liquid seal.
 - ⇒ Mount the tank above the device.
 - ⇒ The connection on the device must point upward.
 - ⇒ Checking the fluid level must be possible at any time.

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6.4 Connection lines

6.4.1 General



⚠ WARNING

Failure of load-carrying parts due to overload

Danger of injury from flying parts..

Danger of injury from spurting fluids.

- a) Use only connections and lines approved for the expected pressure range.
- b) Securely prevent exceeding the permissible pressure, e.g. by using pressure relief valves or rupture discs.
- c) Design pipework so that no tensions, e.g. caused by changes in length due to fluctuations in temperature, are transmitted to the device.



NOTICE

Additional connections

- a) Provide measurement connections for pressure and temperature as close as possible to device.
- b) If necessary, provide a facility to fill or empty the device and the line system.
- c) If necessary, provide a facility to vent the device and the line system.

6.4.2 Suction line

A less than optimally planned suction line can lead to increased noise emission, cavitation as well as reduction of the delivery rate (caused by not complete filling of the pump).

When designing the line, take the following points into consideration:

The suction line must be piped as short as possible and in a straight line.

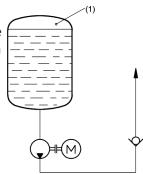
- Stipulate the nominal width of the suction line so that the permissible operating pressure $p_{e\,min}$ is not exceeded on the suction side.
- Avoid large suction heights.
- Avoid additional pressure loss through line resistances such as fittings, screwed connections, formed parts or suction filters/suction baskets. Ensure that all technically required suction filters/suction baskets are appropriately dimensioned.
- Make sure there is sufficient clearance of the suction port to the bottom and walls of the media container.
- Make sure that the suction opening lies underneath the lowest fluid level in all operating situations.
- When hose lines are used, ensure sufficient stability of the hoses so that they cannot become constricted through the sucking action.
- Comply with the recommended flow velocity in the suction line (max. 1.5 m/s).

Kracht GmbH Installation | 6

Suction line at vacuum operation

If suction from a tank under vacuum is desired, the pump must be arranged approx. 1 m below the tank. The suction line must run in a straight line and without any resistances.

The tank may be subjected to vacuum only then when the pipework and the pump have been filled with liquid. For this application, only pumps suitable for vacuum operation may be used.





NOTICE

Cavitation damage

Undercutting the permissible suction port pressure results in cavitation.

- a) Design the suction line so that the pressure arising in operation on the suction side is always higher than the vapour pressure of the pumped medium. At the same time, comply with the installation altitude of the device above mean sea level.
- b) For aqueous fluids, mount the device underneath the fluid level, set the operating temperature to 50 °C and limit the speed to 1500 rpm.

Prevention of suction problems

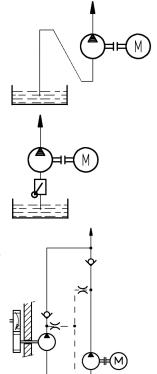
If there is a possibility that the suction line can run dry if the pump stops, piping the suction line as siphon is an option to avoid suction problems. This way, the pump will remain permanently filled after initial commissioning.

It is appropriate to employ a foot valve or a non-return valve in case of longer suction lines that can run dry while the pump is at rest. These must have been designed for use in suction lines and should offer as low a flow resistance as possible.

During operation of a pump that has to pump media via a non-return valve in a pressurized circuit (e.g. reserve pump in a lubricant circuit), suction problems can occur if the suction line is filled with air.

In this case the pressure pipe must be bled directly upstream of the non-return valve.

If no vent nozzle is used, the volume of the pressure pipe between the pump and the non-return valve must be at least 75 % of the suction line volume.



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6.4.3 Pressure line

When designing the line, take the following points into consideration:

Select the nominal width of the pressure line so that the maximum permissible pressures are not exceeded.

If necessary, provide a vent nozzle to prevent suction problems.

6.4.4 Mounting Connection lines

- a) Clean all lines.
 - ⇒ Do not use cleaning wool.
 - ⇒ Pickle and flush welded pipes.
- b) Remove the protective plugs.
- c) Mount the lines.
 - ⇒ Comply with the manufacturer's information.
 - ⇒ Do not use any sealing materials such as hemp, Teflon tape or putty.



TIPP

Position of the device connections: **Rotation and delivery direction** [> 12]

6.5 Change of the direction of rotation

Depending on the version a change in the direction of rotation is possible.

The manufacturer normally carries out the conversion work and the customer should do this only in exceptional cases.

Kracht GmbH Operation start-up | 7

7 Operation start-up

7.1 Safety instructions for start-up



A DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids.

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



MARNING

Failure of load-carrying parts due to overload

Danger of injury from flying parts.

Danger of injury from spurting fluids.

- a) Do not operate the device against closed shut-off devices.
- b) Do not operate the device in the false direction of rotation.



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burn injury to skin if touched.

a) Wear protective gloves at temperatures ≥ 48°C.

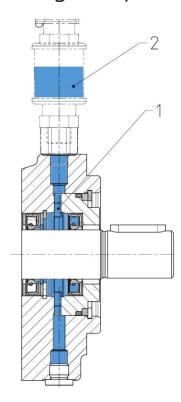
7.2 Preparation

- a) Before starting the product, make sure that a sufficient quantity of the service fluid is extant to avoid dry running. This must be taken into account especially with large line volumes.
- b) Check all fastening screws on the product.
- c) Fill pump and the suction line with medium.

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7 | Operation start-up Kracht GmbH

7.3 Filling the quench chamber



- 1 Quench chamber
- 2 Container for quench-liquid
- a) For versions with quench, fill the quench chamber with a suitable quench liquid.
 - ⇒ The filling is implemented through the tank provided for that.
 - ⇒ Fill fluid until the quench chamber is completely full and the tank is half full.



NOTICE

Seal failure due to dry run

A lack of quench liquid can lead to a failure of the seal.

a) Do not put pumps without quench liquid into operation.



TIPP

A second port on the unit enables purging of the quench chamber and draining of the liquid seal.

Kracht GmbH Operation start-up | 7

7.4 Further operation start-up

- a) Open existing shut-off elements upstream and downstream of the device.
- b) Adjust pressure relief valves in the system installed for lowest opening pressure.
- c) Allow the device start without or with a low pressure load (jog mode).
 - ⇒ Flow should have developed after 30 s at the latest.
- d) Run the device for a few minutes depressurised or with low pressure.
- e) Vent the system at the highest possible point.
- f) Gradually increase the pressure load up to the desired operating pressure.
- g) Operate the system for so long until the final operating state is achieved.
- h) Check the operating data.
 - **⇒ Maintenance table [**▶ 38]
- i) Document the operating data of the initial start-up for later comparison.
- j) Check the level of the operating medium in the system.
- k) Check the filling level of the liquid seal (if existing).
- I) Check the device for leaks.
- m) Check all threaded connections for leaks and retighten if necessary.



TIPP

In order to ensure a constant and reliable function of the product, an initial maintenance of the product is recommended after several hours warm-up time (max. 24 h). This allows faults to be detected at an early stage.

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8 | Removal Kracht GmbH

8 Removal

8.1 Safety instructions for removal



⚠ DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids.

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



A DANGER

Rotating parts!

Danger of death due to body parts, hair or clothing getting trapped or entangled.

- a) Before all work, ensure that existing drives are voltage-free and pressure-free.
- b) Securely prevent restarting during all work.



MARNING

Unshielded gearwheels

Gearwheels can trap and crush fingers and hands.

a) Do not engage gearwheels.



MARNING

Failure of load-carrying parts due to overload!

Danger of injury from flying parts.

Danger of injury from spurting fluids.

- a) Depressurise the device and all connection lines before doing any work.
- b) Securely prevent the restoration of pressure while working on the device.



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burns of the skin on contact.

a) At temperatures ≥48°C the product must be allowed to cool down first.

Kracht GmbH Removal | 8

ATTENTION

Blocking of the product due to curing media

Curing media can mechanically block the product and make it unusable.

a) Clean the product immediately after operation with curing media.

8.2 Removal

- a) Depressurise and de-energize the system.
- b) Close existing shut-off elements upstream and downstream of the device.
- c) Open existing drain elements and loosen connection lines. Collect and dispose of discharging medium so that no hazard arises for persons or environment.
- d) Dismantle the device.
- e) Clean the device
- f) Close the device connections and lines to prevent dirt penetration.



NOTICE

The concrete procedure for cleaning depends on the media being used.

a) See the safety data sheet of the media in use.

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9 | Maintenance Kracht GmbH

9 Maintenance

9.1 Important notes about explosion protection



⚠ DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids.

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



A DANGER

Rotating parts!

Danger of death due to body parts, hair or clothing getting trapped or entangled.

- a) Before all work, ensure that existing drives are voltage-free and pressure-free.
- b) Securely prevent restarting during all work.



MARNING

Failure of load-carrying parts due to overload!

Danger of injury from flying parts.

Danger of injury from spurting fluids.

- a) Depressurise the device and all connection lines before doing any work.
- b) Securely prevent the restoration of pressure while working on the device.



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burns of the skin on contact.

a) At temperatures ≥48°C the product must be allowed to cool down first.

Kracht GmbH Maintenance | 9

9.2 Maintenance work



TIPP

Checking and documentation of the operating data

Regular checking and documentation of all operating data helps to detect faults at an early stage.

- Perform maintenance according to specification.
- Replace defective and worn components.
- If required, request spare parts lists and assembly drawings from the manufacturer.
- Document the type and scope of the maintenance work along with the operating data.
- Compare the operating data with the values of the first commissioning. Determine the cause in case of major non-compliances (> 10 %).
- Dispose of packing material and used parts in accordance with the local stipulations.



NOTICE

Protective equipment and notices

After maintenance and/or repair, reattach all protective devices and notices removed in the process to their original position.

9.3 Maintenance instructions

The following information provides recommendations for maintenance work and maintenance intervals for the product in use.

Depending on the actual loads occurring during operation, the type, scope and interval of the maintenance work may deviate from the recommendations. A mandatory maintenance plan must be drawn up by the installer/operating company.



TIPP

In the course of preventive maintenance, it is advisable to replace wearing parts before the wear limit is reached.

With the appropriate expertise and sufficient equipment, the repair can also be carried out by the installer/operating company.

If necessary, request spare parts lists and assembly drawings from the manufacturer. Please consult the manufacturer for this purpose.



NOTICE

Warranty

Any warranty will be void if not executed properly.

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9 | Maintenance Kracht GmbH

9.4 Maintenance table

Maintenance table

		Firstly:after max. 24 h	Daily	3000 Operating hours	6000 Operating hours	As required	Additional information
9.4.1	Inspection: Discharge flow	2					
9.4.2	Inspection: Operating pressure	2					
9.4.3	Inspection: Media temperature	2					
9.4.5	Inspection: Condition of operating fluid	2					
9.4.6	Audiometric monitoring: Unusual noise		1				
9.4.7	Cleaning		1				
9.4.8	Visual inspection: Leakages		1				
9.4.9	Visual inspection: Filling level of liquid seal (if existing)		2				
9.4.1	Inspection: Discharge flow			2			
9.4.2	Inspection: Operating pressure			2			
9.4.3	Inspection: Media temperature			2			
9.4.4	Inspection: Device temperature			2			
9.4.5	Inspection: Condition of operating fluid			2			
9.4.10	Visual inspection: Condition gears				3		
9.4.11	Visual inspection: Condition of housing parts				3		
9.4.12	Visual inspection: Condition of shaft seal				3		
9.4.13	Visual inspection: Condition of outboard bearings				3		
9.4.15	Replacing: Shaft seal					3	
9.4.16	Replacing: Other seals					3	

1 - 0,1 h; 2 - 0,2 h; 3 - 0,75 h

Kracht GmbH Maintenance | 9

9.4.1 Inspection: Discharge flow

The discharge flow is measured via the flow rate volume counters.

The values are displayed by the built-in controller in the electrical control system.

- If there is no discharge flow, check the individual components of the product.
- Comply with the product-specific data sheets/operating instructions.

9.4.2 Inspection: Operating pressure

The operating pressure is indicated by the pressure gauges

- If there is no operating pressure, check the individual components of the product
- Comply with the product-specific data sheets/operating instructions.

9.4.3 Inspection: Media temperature

The media temperature is measured through the temperature sensor.

The values are displayed by the built-in controller in the electrical control system.

- If the media temperature is too high or too low, check the product components.
- Comply with the product-specific data sheets/operating instructions.

9.4.4 Inspection: Device temperature

Measure the surface temperature in the area of the bearings.

9.4.5 Inspection: Condition of operating fluid

Pay attention to colour (dark colouring), odour and milky turbidity.

Replace operating fluid if necessary.

9.4.6 Audiometric monitoring: Unusual noise

In this case, attention must be paid to increased noise or uneven operation (pump unit).

- In case of unusual noises, check the individual components of the product, line attachments and the operating media for foam formation.
- Comply with the product-specific data sheets/operating instructions.

9.4.7 Cleaning

Remove dust deposits and dirt with a damp, clean cloth.

9.4.8 Visual inspection: Leakages

Care must be taken here to ensure that there is no leakage from the connections.

In the event of leaks in the connections, the glands must be tightened and, if necessary, the seals replaced.

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9 | Maintenance Kracht GmbH

9.4.9 Visual inspection: Filling level of liquid seal (if existing)

Checking the confining fluid filling level is mandatory for safe pump operation. Top up the confining fluid as required.

If there is no automatic monitoring, the filling level must be checked at least before each shift begins.

If the filling level drops unusually fast within a short period of time, the outer but also the inner shaft seal could be leaking.

If the filling level should rise, the inner shaft seal may probably be leaking and the confining fluid is begin mixed with the pressurised medium.

Stop plant operation immediately in both cases.

9.4.10 Visual inspection: Condition gears

Like shaft gear are wear items. In the event of excessive wear, the parts or the pump must be replaced.

Important control points are the mating surfaces of the shaft sealing ring and bearing bushes, the end faces of the shaft and pin wheels and the tooth flanks.

9.4.11 Visual inspection: Condition of housing parts

Like shaft gear are wear items. In the event of excessive wear, the parts or the pump must be replaced.

Important control points are the mating surfaces of the shaft sealing ring and bearing bushes, the end faces of the shaft and pin wheels and the tooth flanks.

9.4.12 Visual inspection: Condition of shaft seal

Check on increased and impermissible temperature rises

- Small amounts of leakage, however, are indispensable for function.
- If there are excessive amounts of leakage, stop pump operation immediately.
 Replace: Shaft seal.

9.4.13 Visual inspection: Condition of outboard bearings

Like outboard bearings are wear items.

The service life of the bearings depends primarily on the operating conditions.

The bearing should therefore be checked for damage after 4,000 hours at the latest. If the wear is unacceptable, the bearing must be replaced.

The beginning of wear or an imminent failure can become noticeable through increasing heating of the bearing, increased power consumption, imperfect running behavior or the development of noise.

Kracht GmbH Maintenance | 9

9.4.14 Replacing: Plain bearings (only by manufacturer)

The replacement is carried out only by the manufacturer.

Consult the manufacturer

9.4.15 Replacing: Shaft seal

With corresponding expertise and sufficient equipment, the replacement can be carried out by the equipment builder/operator.

If required, request spare parts lists and assembly drawings from the manufacturer.

Use spare parts approved by the manufacturer only.

9.4.16 Replacing: Other seals

With corresponding expertise and sufficient equipment, the replacement can be carried out by the equipment builder/operator.

If required, request spare parts lists and assembly drawings from the manufacturer.

Use spare parts approved by the manufacturer only.

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10 | Repairs Kracht GmbH

10 Repairs

10.1 Safety instructions for repair



A DANGER

Hazardous fluids

Danger to life when handling hazardous fluids.

- a) Comply with the safety data sheets and regulations on handling the hazardous fluids.
- b) Collect and dispose of hazardous fluids so that no hazard is created for persons or the environment.



A DANGER

Rotating parts!

Danger of death due to body parts, hair or clothing getting trapped or entangled.

- a) Before all work, ensure that existing drives are voltage-free and pressure-free.
- b) Securely prevent restarting during all work.



MARNING

Failure of pressure bearing parts due to overload

Risk of injury from flying parts.

Risk of injury due to splashing fluids.

- a) Depressurize the system before all work.
- b) Securely prevent the pressure from being restored during work.



A CAUTION

Hot surfaces

Burns of the skin on contact.

a) At temperatures ≥48°C the product must be allowed to cool down first.

Kracht GmbH Repairs | 10

10.2 General

The repairs covers:

Troubleshooting
 Determination of damage, pinpointing and localisation of the damage cause.

Elimination of damage
 Elimination of the primary causes and replacement or repair of defective components.
 The repair is generally made by the manufacturer.

Repairs by manufacturer

Before returning the device, fill in the return notification form. The form can be filled in online and is available as a pdf file download.



NOTICE

Device contains hazardous material

If the device was operated with dangerous liquids, it must be cleaned before the return. If this should not be possible, the safety data sheet of the hazardous material is to be provided beforehand.

Repair by equipment builder/operator

If corresponding expertise and sufficient equipment is available, the equipment builder/operator can also make the repairs. Please consult the manufacturer about this.

- a) If required, request spare parts lists and assembly drawings from the manufacturer.
- b) Use spare parts approved by the manufacturer only
- c) Dispose of packing material and used parts in accordance with the local stipulations.



NOTICE

Warranty

Any warranty will be void if not executed properly.



NOTICE

Protective equipment and notices

After maintenance and/or repair, reattach all protective devices and notices removed in the process to their original position.

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10.3 Detecting and eliminating failures

Fault	Potential causes	Possible measures					
Increased noise	Increased noise						
	Excessive negative pressure (not	Check suction line design					
	complete filling of the pump)	Use noise-optimised pump					
	Suction line clogged	Clean the suction line					
Pump cavitation	Suction filter plugged or too	Clean suction filter or use a larger filter					
amp cavitation	Siliali	Replace filter element					
	Suction bascet plugged or too small	Clean intake strainer or dimension larger					
	Fluid temperature too low	Adjust the temperature of medium					
		Check the oil level in the tank					
	Pump does not suck	Check suction line					
		Check the shaft seal					
	Shaft seal defective	Replace seals					
Foaming or air in media	Suction connection leaking	Tighten or replace the screw connections					
Tourning or all in media		Replace seals					
	System not vented	Vent the system					
	Return line ends above the fluid level	Extend return line					
	Heavy foaming in the system, e.g. in gears	Use noise-optimised pump					
Mechanical vibrations	Incorrectly aligned and/or loose coupling	Correct the alignment of the coupling and secure the coupling halves					
	Incorrectly and/or insufficient line fastening	Fixate lines with suitable fastening material (e.g. pipe clamps)					
	Wobbling pressure relief valve	Increase valve opening pressure					
	Not a noise-reducing setup	Use dampers					

Kracht GmbH Repairs | 10

Pump does not suck				
•	Dry run	Fill pump and the suction line with medium		
	Minimum filling level in the reservoir tank undercut	Refill media		
	Wrong direction of rotation	Correct the direction of rotation		
	Throttled/closed shut-off element in the suction line	Open the shut-off element		
	Suction line clogged	Clean the suction line		
		Reduce the start-up pressure		
	The air in the suction line can- not be compressed in the pres-	Vent the pressure line		
	sure line	Increase volume of the pressure line		
		Check the pump design		
	Speed of the pump is too low	During frequency inverter operation: Check the operation/line frequency		
		Check installation location		
	Geodetic suction head too high	Provide pre-filling pump		
Insufficient pressure Insufficient pumping flo	w rate			
	Excessive negative pressure (not complete filling of the pump)	Check suction line design		
	Too high media viscosity	Provide pre-filling pump		
		Check the pump design		
	Speed of the pump is too low	During frequency inverter operation: Check the operation/line frequency		
	Throttled/closed shut-off element in the suction line	Open the shut-off element		
	Suction line clogged	Clean the suction line		
	Suction filter plugged or too	Clean suction filter or use a larger filter		
	small	Replace filter element		
	Suction bascet plugged or too small	Clean intake strainer or dimension larger		
	No response of a pressure relief valve	Increase valve opening pressure		
		Check the oil level in the tank		
	Pump does not suck	Check suction line		
		Check the shaft seal		
	Wear	Replace the device		

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Excessive operating ter	mperature	
	Cooling and heat dissipation insufficient	Increase the cooling capacity
	Not sufficient oil in the system	Check the container layout
	Excess fluid is being delivered into the supply tank via pressure relief valve under load	Check the pump design
Impermissible pump he	eating	
	No response of a pressure relief valve	Increase valve opening pressure
	Pressure too high in association with a media viscosity that is too low	Check the system design
	Speed too fast in connection with media viscosity that is too high	Check the system design
	Gland lid overtightened (for gland seal)	Unscrew gland lid and readjust leakage
	Suction pressure too high	Reduce the pressure
	Wear	Replace the device
Leakage		
	Lack of maintenance	Comply with maintenance intervals
		Replace seals
	Mechanical damage	Replace seals
	Thermal overload	Check operating data
	Thermal overload	Replace seals
	Pressure too high	Check operating data
	Tressure too mgn	Replace seals
	Gas content in media too high	Check operating data
Seal failure	das content in media too nign	Replace seals
	Corrosion/chemical degradation	Check material compatibility
	Corrosion/Chemical degradation	Replace seals
	Wrong direction of rotation	Correct the direction of rotation
	Wrong direction of rotation	Replace seals
	Contaminated medium	Provide filtration
	Contaminated medium	Replace seals
	Gland lid not sufficiently tightened (for gland seal)	Retighten gland lid
	Loose screw connection	Tighten or replace the screw connections

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Coupling					
Coupling wear	Alignment error	Correct the alignment of the coupling and secure the coupling halves			
3 3	Spider overloaded	Check operating data			
	Spider overloaded	Use harder spider			
Cam break	Spider wear Torque transmis-	Adapt maintenance intervals			
Calli bleak	sion due to metal contact	Replace coupling			
	Alignment error	Correct the alignment of the coupling and secure the coupling halves			
Premature spider wear		Replace spider			
	Spider failure due to chemical	Check material compatibility			
	corrosion	Replace spider			
Motor protection switch	tripped				
	Driving power too low	Check the drive design			
	Motor incorrectly connected	Check motor connection			
	Phase failure	Check feed/supply			
	Current consumption too high	Check operating data			
	Current consumption too high	Check direction of rotation			
Motor circuit breaker incorrectly designed		Check operating data			
Consult the manufacturer in the event of unidentifiable faults					

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